

Please provide the following information, and submit to the NOAA DM Plan Repository.

Reference to Master DM Plan (if applicable)

As stated in Section IV, Requirement 1.3, DM Plans may be hierarchical. If this DM Plan inherits provisions from a higher-level DM Plan already submitted to the Repository, then this more-specific Plan only needs to provide information that differs from what was provided in the Master DM Plan.

URL of higher-level DM Plan (if any) as submitted to DM Plan Repository:

1. General Description of Data to be Managed**1.1. Name of the Data, data collection Project, or data-producing Program:**

PIT Tag data - Monitoring the migrations of wild Snake River spring/summer Chinook salmon juveniles

1.2. Summary description of the data:

This is an ongoing Bonneville Power Administration funded project to annually collect, PIT tag, and release wild Chinook salmon parr in up to 17 streams of the Salmon River drainage in Idaho and subsequently monitor these fish (and fish tagged by ODFW) through in-stream monitors and downstream dams.

The overall study objectives are as follows:

- 1) Assess the migrational characteristics and estimate parr-to-smolt survival rates for wild spring/summer Chinook salmon smolts at Lower Granite Dam.
- 2) Characterize the survival and movement of parr and smolts as they leave natal rearing areas of selected streams.
- 3) Examine the relationships between fish movement, environmental conditions within the streams, and weather and climate data.
- 4) Monitor parr-to-smolt growth rates on previously PIT tagged wild parr at Little Goose or Lower Granite Dam each spring.

Regional fisheries managers use data generated by this project to make real-time management decisions for operation of the hydropower system (FCRPS) to better protect these ESA-listed fish during smolt migrations. Baseline data from this study provide a foundation for understanding the biocomplexity of these populations, which is critical to effective recovery efforts for these threatened wild fish populations.

All tagging data for wild Chinook parr and juvenile steelhead tagged and released.

1.3. Is this a one-time data collection, or an ongoing series of measurements?

One-time data collection

1.4. Actual or planned temporal coverage of the data:

1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01
to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-
31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-
01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-
03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31, 1991-06-01 to 2020-03-31

1.5. Actual or planned geographic coverage of the data:

W: -122.3062, E: -119.0532, N: 47.6449, S: 46.2086

Herd Creek: Upper East Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -114.8537, E: -114.8537, N: 45.1036, S: 45.1036

Big Creek (lower): Lower Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.7034, E: -115.7034, N: 44.6564, S: 44.6564

South Fork Salmon River: Upper South Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.1895, E: -115.1895, N: 45.3875, S: 45.3875

West Fork Chamberlain Creek: Tributary in main Salmon River, Idaho

W: -122.3062, E: -119.0532, N: 47.6449, S: 46.2086

Elk Creek: Upper Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.3723, E: -115.3723, N: 44.5333, S: 44.5333

Sulphur Creek: Upper Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.3311, E: -115.3311, N: 45.1012, S: 45.1012

Big Creek (upper): Lower Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.1693, E: -115.1692, N: 44.3963, S: 44.3962

Marsh Creek: Upper Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.3724, E: -115.3724, N: 44.4112, S: 44.4112

Bear Valley Creek: Upper Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -114.8064, E: -114.8064, N: 44.6021, S: 44.6021

Loon Creek: Tributary in Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.9023, E: -115.9023, N: 45.2594, S: 45.2594

Lake Creek: South Fork Salmon River drainage, Idaho

W: -115.8099, E: -115.8099, N: 45.2149, S: 45.2149

Secesh River: South Fork Salmon River drainage, Idaho

W: -114.5013, E: -114.5013, N: 44.8301, S: 44.8301

Camas Creek: Lower Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -114.9313, E: -114.9313, N: 44.2218, S: 44.2218

Valley Creek: Upper main Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.1696, E: -115.1696, N: 44.3953, S: 44.3953

Cape Horn Creek: Upper Middle Fork Salmon River, Idaho

W: -115.1875, E: -115.1875, N: 45.3731, S: 45.3731

Chamberlain Creek: Tributary in the main Salmon River, Idaho

1.6. Type(s) of data:

(e.g., digital numeric data, imagery, photographs, video, audio, database, tabular data, etc.)

Table (digital)

1.7. Data collection method(s):

(e.g., satellite, airplane, unmanned aerial system, radar, weather station, moored buoy, research vessel, autonomous underwater vehicle, animal tagging, manual surveys, enforcement activities, numerical model, etc.)

Instrument: Animal Mounted Instrument

Platform: Platform Not Applicable

Physical Collection / Fishing Gear: Animal and Plant Collection Device

1.8. If data are from a NOAA Observing System of Record, indicate name of system:

1.8.1. If data are from another observing system, please specify:

2. Point of Contact for this Data Management Plan (author or maintainer)

2.1. Name:

Metadata Contact

2.2. Title:

Metadata Contact

2.3. Affiliation or facility:

Northwest Fisheries Science Center

2.4. E-mail address:

nmfs.nwfsc.metadata@noaa.gov

2.5. Phone number:

(206) 860-3433

3. Responsible Party for Data Management

Program Managers, or their designee, shall be responsible for assuring the proper management of the data produced by their Program. Please indicate the responsible party below.

3.1. Name:

Gordon Axel

3.2. Title:

Data Steward

4. Resources

Programs must identify resources within their own budget for managing the data they produce.

4.1. Have resources for management of these data been identified?

Yes

4.2. Approximate percentage of the budget for these data devoted to data management (specify percentage or "unknown"):

20%

5. Data Lineage and Quality

NOAA has issued Information Quality Guidelines for ensuring and maximizing the quality, objectivity, utility, and integrity of information which it disseminates.

5.1. Processing workflow of the data from collection or acquisition to making it publicly accessible

(describe or provide URL of description):

Lineage Statement:

Data is collected and uploaded to ptagis.org using P3 application

5.1.1. If data at different stages of the workflow, or products derived from these data, are subject to a separate data management plan, provide reference to other plan:

5.2. Quality control procedures employed (describe or provide URL of description):

QA/QC occurs during data upload to ptagis.org database

6. Data Documentation

The EDMC Data Documentation Procedural Directive requires that NOAA data be well documented, specifies the use of ISO 19115 and related standards for documentation of new data, and provides links to resources and tools for metadata creation and validation.

6.1. Does metadata comply with EDMC Data Documentation directive?

Yes

6.1.1. If metadata are non-existent or non-compliant, please explain:

6.2. Name of organization or facility providing metadata hosting:

NMFS Office of Science and Technology

6.2.1. If service is needed for metadata hosting, please indicate:

6.3. URL of metadata folder or data catalog, if known:

<https://inport.nmfs.noaa.gov/inport/item/30859>

6.4. Process for producing and maintaining metadata

(describe or provide URL of description):

Metadata produced and maintained in accordance with the NMFS Data Documentation Procedural Directive: <https://inport.nmfs.noaa.gov/inport/downloads/data-documentation-procedural-directive.pdf>

7. Data Access

NAO 212-15 states that access to environmental data may only be restricted when distribution is explicitly limited by law, regulation, policy (such as those applicable to personally identifiable information or protected critical infrastructure information or proprietary trade information) or by security requirements. The EDMC Data Access Procedural Directive contains specific guidance, recommends the use of open-standard, interoperable, non-proprietary web services, provides information about resources and tools to enable data access, and includes a Waiver to be submitted to justify any approach other than full, unrestricted public access.

7.1. Do these data comply with the Data Access directive?

Yes

7.1.1. If the data are not to be made available to the public at all, or with limitations, has a Waiver (Appendix A of Data Access directive) been filed?

7.1.2. If there are limitations to public data access, describe how data are protected from unauthorized access or disclosure:

7.2. Name of organization of facility providing data access:

Northwest Fisheries Science Center

7.2.1. If data hosting service is needed, please indicate:

No

7.2.2. URL of data access service, if known:

<http://PTAGIS.ORG>

7.3. Data access methods or services offered:

Log in to PTAGIS.ORG

7.4. Approximate delay between data collection and dissemination:

Unknown

7.4.1. If delay is longer than latency of automated processing, indicate under what authority data access is delayed:

No Delay

8. Data Preservation and Protection

The NOAA Procedure for Scientific Records Appraisal and Archive Approval describes how to identify, appraise and decide what scientific records are to be preserved in a NOAA archive.

8.1. Actual or planned long-term data archive location:

(Specify NCEI-MD, NCEI-CO, NCEI-NC, NCEI-MS, World Data Center (WDC) facility, Other, To Be Determined, Unable to Archive, or No Archiving Intended)

Other

8.1.1. If World Data Center or Other, specify:

PSMFC

8.1.2. If To Be Determined, Unable to Archive or No Archiving Intended, explain:

8.2. Data storage facility prior to being sent to an archive facility (if any):

Northwest Fisheries Science Center - Seattle, WA

8.3. Approximate delay between data collection and submission to an archive facility:

1 days

8.4. How will the data be protected from accidental or malicious modification or deletion prior to receipt by the archive?

Discuss data back-up, disaster recovery/contingency planning, and off-site data storage relevant to the data collection

The Northwest Fisheries Science Center facilitates backup and recovery of all data and IT components which are managed by IT Operations through the capture of static (point-in-time) backup data to physical media. Once data is captured to physical media (every 1-3 days), a duplicate is made and routinely (weekly) transported to an offsite archive facility where it is maintained throughout the data's applicable life-cycle.

9. Additional Line Office or Staff Office Questions

Line and Staff Offices may extend this template by inserting additional questions in this section.